

OIG Targeted High Risk Condition Series Session 4: Pulmonary Embolism (PE) and Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT), Hepatitis & Cirrhosis

Virtual Conference

Thursday, May 1, 2025

Jointly provided by Healthfirst and Northwell Health





OIG Targeted High Risk Condition Series Session 4: Pulmonary Embolism (PE) and Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT), Hepatitis & Cirrhosis

PROGRAM OVERVIEW

The purpose of this webinar series is to outline strategies and educate Healthfirst clinical providers on ICD-10 accuracy and clinical documentation improvement based on recommendations from the Office of Inspector General (OIG). The aim is to empower the providers and coders while enhancing the quality of healthcare delivery delivery.

Program components include, but are not limited to:

- Interactive sessions covering ICD-10 coding guidelines and documentation requirements.
- Case studies and examples illustrating coding scenarios and documentation challenges.
- Modules covering key aspects of ICD-10 coding and documentation improvement.
- Sharing experiences, tips, and strategies for improving documentation accuracy.

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this activity, participants should be able to:

- Recall the importance of accurate ICD-10 coding and documentation in healthcare.
- Identify common documentation pitfalls and errors impacting coding accuracy.
- Apply best practices for clinical documentation improvement to support accurate coding.
- Comply with OIG recommendations to minimize risks of improper payments and audits.

SESSION 4 OBJECTIVES

Pulmonary Embolism (PE) & Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)

• Identify a PE and/or DVT, laterality and specifics to select the most appropriate code and support whether it's truly active or historical and acute or chronic.

Hepatitis & Cirrhosis

• Describe the progression of liver disease, documenting the type of hepatitis and using more specific diagnosis codes while supporting the condition.

TARGET AUDIENCE

This activity has been planned by and for both physicians and clinical documentation ϑ coding professionals. Medical providers such as PCPS and specialists in the areas of endocrinology, vascular, pulmonology, oncology, cardiology who treat chronically ill patients affected by these disease states and who will improve patient outcomes by enhancing their knowledge of ICD-10 coding are encouraged to join.

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ACCREDITATION STATEMENT

In support of improving patient care, this activity has been planned and implemented by Northwell Health and Healthfirst. Northwell Health is jointly accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME), the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE) and the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC) to provide continuing education for the healthcare team.



CREDIT DESIGNATION STATEMENTS

Physicians: Northwell Health designates each live activity for a maximum of 1.0 AMA PRA Category 1 CreditsTM. Physicians should only claim credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

Verification of attendance: This will be provided to all professionals.

REGISTRATION

If you need additional information or to register for the event, please email Angela Sullivan, Manager of Provider Education, at asullivan@healthfirst.org or call 917-748-8455.

AGENDA

Thursday, May 1, 2025

	Welcome and Introduction to CME Activity	
8:55AM	Richard Kops, MD Medical Peer Reviewer Healthfirst	

Session		
9:00AM-9:45AM	OIG Targeted High Risk Conditions: Session 4: Pulmonary Embolism (PE) and Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT), Hepatitis & Cirrhosis Damarys Ayala, MJ, RHIA, CRC, CPMA, CPC, CDEO AAPC Approved Instructor Manager, Provider Education Clinical and Documentation Excellence Healthfirst	
9:45AM	Question and Answer Session	

10:00AM - Adjournment

AAPC - Continuing Education Units (CUEs)



This webinar is approved by American Academy of Professional Coders (AAPC)

Only registered participants will be eligible for CEUs.

To receive a CEU certificate, You must attend at least 45 minutes of the webinar.

Participants must be connected to both the audio and visual parts of the meeting for attendance to be recorded.

After attendance is verified, an AAPC CEU certificate will be emailed to the appropriate participants.

Sharing or claiming a CEU certificate without attending the webinar is strictly prohibited and could be viewed as fraudulent by AAPC.

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DVT, PE, Chronic Hepatitis C & Liver Cirrhosis

Clinical Documentation & Coding Dept.

Information Sharing

Presenter: Damarys Ayala, MJ, RHIA, CRC, CPMA, CPC, CDEO AAPC Approved Instructor Manager, Provider Education

Date: 05/1/2025



Agenda

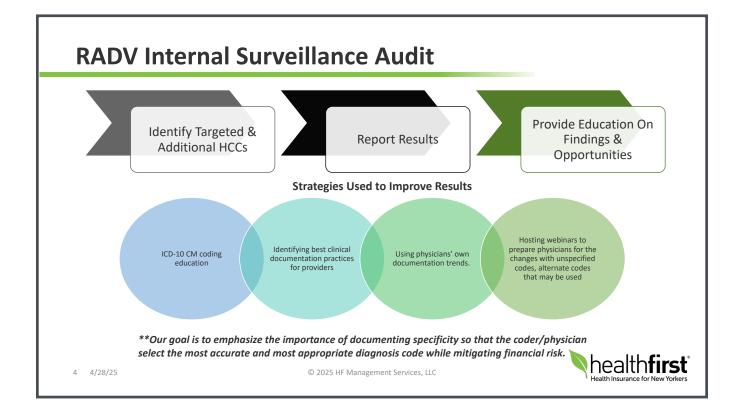
- Provider Education Program & Goals
- ▶ OIG Toolkit Overview
- Documentation and Coding Recommendations
 - ▶ Deep Vein Thrombosis
 - Pulmonary Embolism
 - ► Chronic Hepatitis C
 - Liver Cirrhosis
- ▶ HF Provider Portal

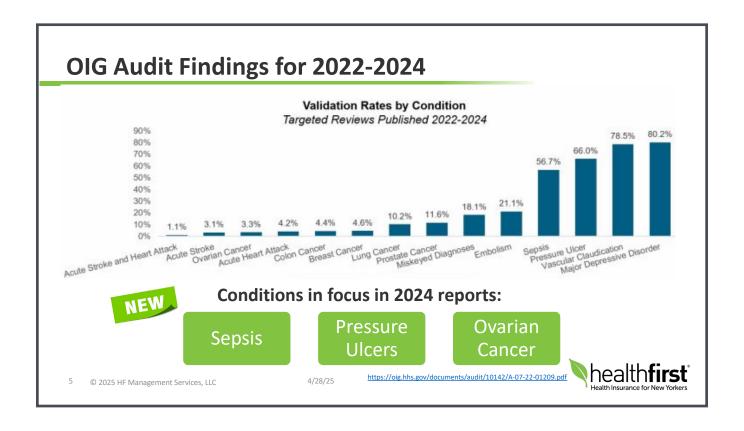


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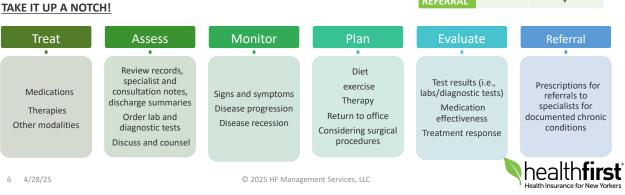
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Providers must accurately document the patient's diagnoses for each visit (encounter). MEAT (Monitor Evaluate Assess Treat) is most used acronym to assist providers with documentation improvement tips. With the growing changes in healthcare, the need to expand clinical documentation

has also grown...from **MEAT** to **TAMPER**!



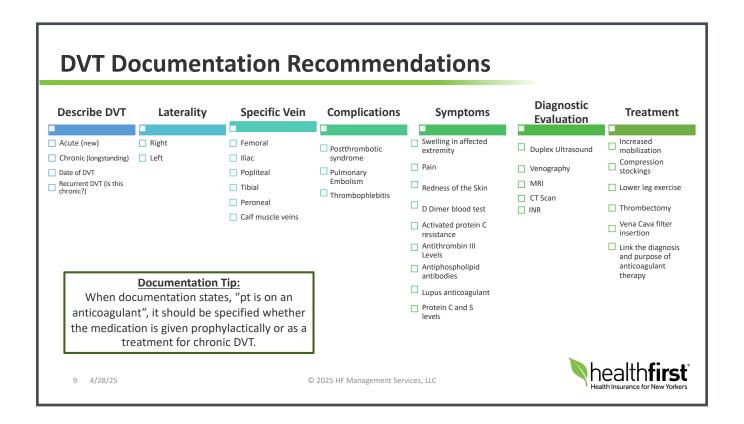
Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)

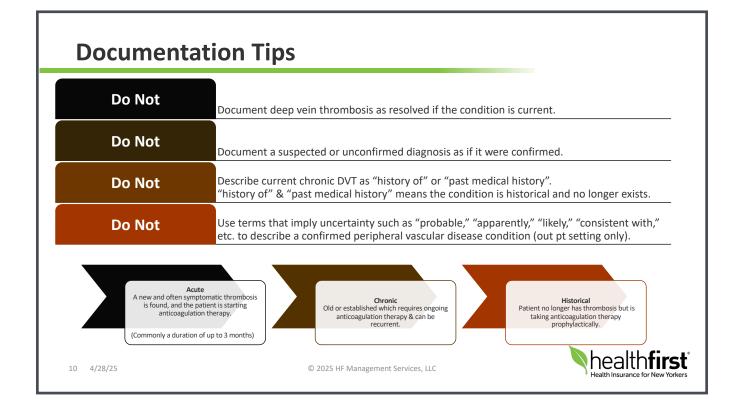


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For illustrative purposes only **Coding Example for DVT** History of Present Illness 12/06/2023 57 y/o female with extensive PMHx including Low back/thoracic spine pain, primary hyperparathyroidism (which is being worked up by endo), well controlled DM and $\frac{1}{1}$ Comes to the office for F/U. 182.409 Acute embolism and thrombosis of Diagnosis unspecified deep veins of unspecified lower extremity **Past Medical History** HCC 267 - Deep Vein Thrombosis and Pulmonary **HCC Category Embolism** Diagnosis Supported No Internal Medicine 2: General comfortable, no distress , A&o X3 (Oriented to Person, Place, & Time). Head normocephalic, atraumatic. No **HCC** Validated **Assessments** 7. Venous insufficiency - 187.2 8. Hyperparathyroidism - E21.3 9. Abdominal hernia without obstruction and without gangrene, recurrence not specified, unspecified hernia type - K46.9 Hx Vs Active **Coding Rationale** Documentation specifies PMH of DVT of LLE in 2022. Patient has Eliquis stopped by unknown provider, and a repeat Comments 10. Deep venous thrombosis Clinical Notes: -Patient had Eliquis stopped by unknown provider? -Repeat Doppler negative doppler is negative. **<u>Z86.718</u>** Personal history of other venous thrombosis and Recommendation embolism health**first** © 2025 HF Management Services, LLC 4/28/25





TRUE or FALSE

A suspected thrombosis of left lower extremity should be reported on an outpatient visit.



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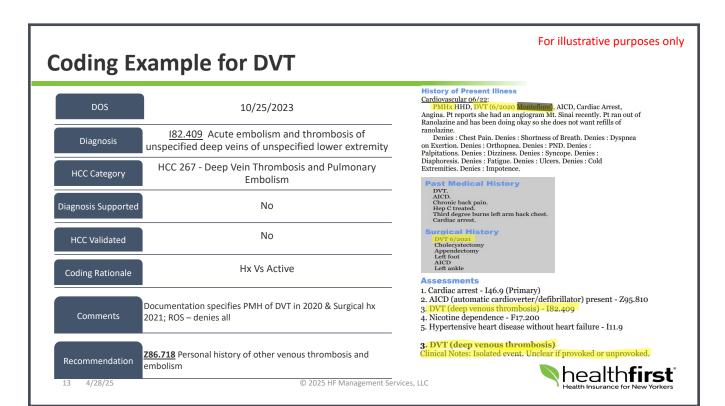
Q & A

TRUE or FALSE

A suspected thrombosis of left lower extremity should be reported on an outpatient visit.

FALSE





Deep Vein Thrombosis – ICD-10 Codes

ICD-10 CM	Description	ICD-10 CM	Description		
Acute embolism and thrombosis of lower extremity		Chronic embol	Chronic embolism and thrombosis of lower extremity		
182.41*	Femoral vein	I82.51*	Femoral vein		
182.42*	Iliac vein	182.52*	Iliac vein		
182.43*	Tibial vein	182.53*	Tibial vein		
182.44*	Calf muscular vein	182.54*	Calf muscular vein		
182.45*	Peroneal vein	182.55*	Peroneal vein		
182.46*	Calf muscular vein	182.56*	Calf muscular vein		
182.49*	Other specified deep vein of lower extremity	182.59*	Other specified deep vein of lower extremity		
Acute embolism and thrombosis of upper extremity		Chronic embol	Chronic embolism and thrombosis of upper extremity		
182.62*	Deep veins of upper extremity	182.72*	Deep veins of upper extremity		
I82.A1*	Axillary vein	I82.A2*	Deep veins of upper extremity		
I82.B1*	Subclavian vein	I82.B2*	Subclavian vein		
I82.C1*	Internal jugular vein	I82.C2*	Internal jugular vein		
197.89	Other postprocedural complications and disorders of the circulatory system, not elsewhere classified				
T82.868A	Thrombosis due to vascular prosthetic devices, implants and grafts, initial encounter				
Personal history of other venous thrombosis and embolism					
Z86.718	Personal history of other venous thrombosis and embolism				



Patient had DVT in June of 2024. The clots have resolved but pt is still taking anticoagulants. Would this now be coded as history of DVT Or chronic DVT with current use of anticoagulants?

A.History of DVT

B.Chronic DVT

C.DVT on anticoagulants

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Q & A



Patient had DVT in June of 2024. The clots have resolved but pt is still taking anticoagulants. Would this now be coded as history of DVT Or chronic DVT with current use of anticoagulants?

A.History of DVT

B.Chronic DVT

C.DVT on anticoagulants



Pulmonary Embolism (PE)



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Coding Example for PE

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2/25/2023 126.99 Other pulmonary embolism without acute cor Diagnosis pulmonale HCC 267 - Deep Vein Thrombosis and Pulmonary **HCC Category Embolism** Diagnosis Supported No Nο **HCC** Validated Hx Vs Active **Coding Rationale** Pt was seen in ED and discharged. Pt has a documented history of PE. No evidence that PE is current, therefore should Comments not be reported as an active condition. **<u>Z86.711</u>** Personal history of pulmonary embolism Recommendation

Chief Complaint:

Urinary Tract Infection

History of Present Illness:
62 yo M with hx of Afib, cancer, CHF, HTN, PE and recurrent UTI coming in for UTI. Pt states he was here last week and was found to have a stone, upon chart review, pt has 4mm stone and was admitted but left AMA. Pt return now be states he has a uti and dysuria and back pain.
Pt denies fever, chills, cough, chest pain, sob, n/v/d, abdominal pain, headache, dizziness, syncope, weakness or paresthesia/paralysis.

History: Past Medical History:

- A-fib (HCC)
- A-lini (HCC)
 Anemia
 Cancer (HCC)
 CHF (congestive heart failure) (HCC)
 GERD (gastroesophageal reflux disease)
 Hypertension
 Ileostomy in place (HCC)
 Pulmonage amposism (HCC)

- Stroke (cerebrum) (HCC)

Review of Systems: Review of Systems Constitutional: Negative. HENT: Negative. Eyes: Negative. Respiratory: Negative. Cardiovascular: Negative. Gastrointestinal: Negative.

Gastrointestinal: Negative.
Endocrine: Negative.
Genitourinary: Negative.
Musculoskeletal: Positive for back pain.
Skin: Negative.
Allergic/Immunologic: Negative.
Neurological: Negative.
Hematological: Negative.
Psychiatric/Behavioral: Negative.

Assessment and Plan:
62 yo M with tw of Afib, cancer, CHF, HTN _PE and recurrent UTI coming in for UTI. Pt states he was here last week and was found to have a stone, upon chart review, pt has 4mm stone and was admitted but left AMA, now returning for UTI—pt with no chest pain or shortness of breath -labs, us, uclix, -will send home on cipro

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PE Documentation Recommendation

Type of Pulmonary

Cond

Status of

Signs & Symptoms

Diagnostic Testing

Treatmen

□Infarction
□Thrombosis
□Thromboembolism

□Stable
□Improved
□Worsening
□Date of PE

□Acute dyspnea □Pleuritic chest pain

□Cough
□Hemoptysis

☐ Hemoptysis☐ Tachypnea☐ Tachycardia☐

□With acute cor pulmonale□Septic (identify the underlying infection)

Complications

Other pulmonary heart diseases, for ex:

□Pulmonary HTN
□Heart failure

☐ Chest X-ray ☐ Pulse oximetry ☐ Blood gas testing

□ECG □CT angiography

□D-dimer testing
□Duplex
ultrasonography

□Supportive therapy
□Anticoagulation
(length of Tx)

☐Inferior vena cava filter placement

□Surgical

embolectomy

Extracorporeal
membrane

oxygenation <a>Other



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Q & A

Documentation of pulmonary embolism should include:

- a) Date of onset of PE
- b) Status
- c) Treatment and plan
- d) All of the above





Q&A

Documentation of pulmonary embolism should include:

- a) Date of onset of PE
- b) Status
- c) Treatment and plan
- d) All of the above



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For illustrative purposes only **Coding Example for PE** . Rectal cancer with lung nodules and lymphadenopathy, details as below. 2. Essential thrombocytosis. 3. Anemia with iron deficiency, has a component of ACD, also has had plasma cell dyscrasia (IgG kappa). 4. Hyperbomocystinemia with vitamin B12 deficiency. 7/7/2023 126.99 Other pulmonary embolism without acute cor Diagnosis 6. Prolonged PTT. 7. Other comorbid conditions include DM, BPH, hypothyroidism, CKD and peripheral neuropathy. 8. Post-surgery for leg fracture and cataract surgery. 9. EGD showed chronic gastritis and colonoscopy showed diverticulosis (10/20). pulmonale HCC 267-Deep Vein Thrombosis and Pulmonary **HCC Category Embolism** Past Medical History H/o rectal cancer 2010 (colostomy on llq). Essential thrombocytosis. Hyperhomocytinemia with Vit amin B 12 def. PE 2013 s/p warfarin tx. **Diagnosis Supported** No BPH. Peripherral neuropathy. Hypothyroidism. Nο **HCC** Validated Assessments 1. Rectal cancer - C20 (Primary) 2. Anemia of chronic disease - D63.8 3. Iron deficiency anemia - D50.9 4. Essential thrombocytosis - D47.3 5. Monoclonal gammopathy - D47.2 6. Intestinal malabsorption, unspecified - K90.9 7. Lung nodules - R91.8 8. Lymphadenopathy - R59.1 9. B12 deficiency - E52.8 10. Pulmonary embolism - 126.99 10. Abnormal coasulation profile - R79.1 Hx Vs Active **Coding Rationale** PE documented as historical (2013) with a clear statement that it was "treated with warfarin." This is not a present Comments condition and should not be reported with an active code. 10. Pulmonary embolism - 126.99 11. Abnormal coagulation profile - R79.1 12. Essential hypertension - 110 13. Prostatism - N40.0 14. Chronic kidney disease (CKD) - N18.9 **<u>Z86.711</u>** Personal history of pulmonary embolism Recommendation health**first** © 2025 HF Management Services, LLC 4/28/25

TRUE or FALSE

Documentation of "Septic pulmonary embolism without acute cor pulmonale", should include the underlying infection.

- a) True
- b) False

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Q & A

TRUE or FALSE

Documentation of "Septic pulmonary embolism without acute cor pulmonale", should include the underlying infection.

a) True

b) False



Pulmonary Embolism ICD-10-CM Codes

ICD-10 CM	CODE DESCRIPTION			
Pulmonary Embolism With Acute Cor Pulmonale				
126.01	Septic pulmonary embolism with acute cor pulmonale *Code first underlying infection			
126.02	Saddle embolus of pulmonary artery with acute cor pulmonale			
126.03	Cement embolism of pulmonary artery with acute cor pulmonale *Code first complication of other artery following a procedure (T81.718)			
126.04	Fat embolism of pulmonary artery with acute cor pulmonale Code first if applicable: *Complication of other artery following a procedure (T81.718) *Traumatic fat embolism (T79.1) (T79.1-T79.1XXS)			
126.09	Other pulmonary embolism with acute cor pulmonale			
127.82	Chronic pulmonary embolism *Use additional code, if applicable, for associated long-term (current) use of anticoagulants (Z79.01)			

ICD-10 CM	CODE DESCRIPTION		
Pulmonary Embolism Without Acute Cor Pulmonale			
126.90	Septic pulmonary embolism without acute cor pulmonale *Code first underlying infection		
126.92	Saddle embolus of pulmonary artery without acute cor pulmonale		
126.93	Singe subsegmental thrombotic pulmonary embolism without acute cor pulmonale		
126.94	Multiple subsegmental thrombotic pulmonary emboli without acute cor pulmonale		
126.95	Cement embolism of pulmonary artery without acute cor pulmonale *Code first complication of other artery following a procedure (T81.718)		
126.96	Fat embolism of pulmonary artery without acute cor pulmonale *Code first, if applicable: Complication of other artery following a procedure (T81.718) Traumatic fat embolism (T79.1)		
126.99	Other pulmonary embolism without acute cor pulmonale		

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Chronic Hepatitis C



For illustrative purposes only **Coding Example Chronic Hep B** 2/26/2023 HPI: New_symptom(s): H/O heptitis B virus positive, no abdominal pain. no nause .no vomit.no fever. appetite OK. patient need do Diagnosis B18.0- Chronic viral hepatitis B with delta-agent sonogram every 6 months, patient need follow up by gi every year, patient need do blood test every 3 month to check liver function test, heptitis B virus loading and afp level,patient need come back for blood test and sonogram for follow up, need evaluate the medication use policy every 3 months, patient need good rest and HCC 65 - Chronic Hepatitis **HCC Category** no alcohol! Discuss with the patient smoker education and care management after the patient underwent annual screenings for depression, alcohol and drug abuse, and smoking. Assessment: Diagnosis Supported No Assessment: . Chronic viral hepatitis B without delta-agent - B18.1 (Primary) Yes 2. Type 2 diabetes mellitus without complications - E11.9 **HCC Validated** 3. Irritant contact dermatitis, unspecified cause - L24.9 4. Encounter for screening for other disorder - Z13.89 **HCC Validated Coding Rationale** Plan: Documentation supports chronic hepatitis B without delta 1. Chronic viral hepatitis B without delta-agent Notes: Patient Educated with: Self Management Goal: Hepatitis B Lifestyle Management Diet Control of light.pdf agent as there was no indication of chronic hep b with (HEP B (1) NO Med.pdf) Correct diagnosis code - B18.1 - Chronic viral hepatitis B Recommendation without delta-agent healthfirst* 4/28/25 © 2025 HF Management Services, LLC

Chronic Hepatitis C Documentation Recommendations Specify Type/Acuity Status of condition **Associated Conditions Medical Management** Level of specificity of Acute hepatitis C Stable Ordered tests i.e Viral Load hepatitis Chronic viral hepatitis C Improved Cirrhosis of liver Treatment With hepatic coma Worsening Hepatorenal syndrome Follow up Hepatopulmonary Without hepatic coma Resolved (liver implant) Surveillance syndrome Hepatic failure Referrals Malignant neoplasm of liver and intra-hepatic bile ducts HCV Chronic Cirrhosis Liver Alcoholic liver disease infection hepatitis cancer 4/28/25 © 2025 HF Management Services, LLC



Documenting specificity of the condition will lead to?

- a) Capturing severity of the diagnosis
- b) Patients' true health status
- c) Both a and b

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Q & A



Documenting specificity of the condition will lead to?

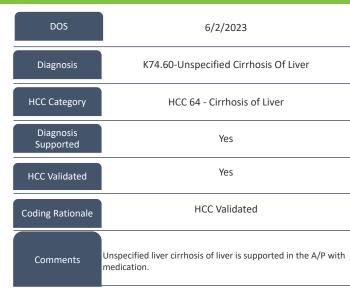
- a) Capturing severity of the diagnosis
- b) Patients' true health status
- c) Both a and b



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Coding Example Cirrhosis Of Liver



Reason for Appointment

- Dizziness
 f/u HTN, diabetes and hyperlipidemia.

Depression Screening:
PHQ-2 (2015 Edition) Little interest or pleasure in doing things? Not at all, Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless? Not at all, Total Score o.

Patient I have mild dizziness soemtimes, no nausea, and relieved some with rest, no fever, no headache, no other neurological complaints. I want to have medication at home.

DM:
Denies : Symptoms Weight Gain, Weight Loss, Polyphagia, Polydipsia,

Control: Moderate control, fasting glucose around 120-

130mg/dl. Diet Cooks mostly at home, Adequate fiber intake. Environmental Stress Moderate. Exercise Rarely. Self Management Goals Addressed, Encouraged personal behavioral changes of better glucose control, exercise and healthy eating, also here for flu vaccine and complaint of come better groups. of some bothersome dry rashes.

- 01 SOME DOTHERSOME GLY TASINES.

 3. Hypertipuleuma, unspecified E55.9

 4. Vitamin D deficiency, unspecified E55.9

 5. Hypertensive chronic kidney disease with stage 1 through stage 4 chronic kidney disease. 112.9

 6. Collapsed vertebra, not elsewhere classified, lumbar region, initial encounter for fracture M48.565Xa.

 7. Hyperbrovidism, unspecified E03.9

 7. Hyperbrovidism, unspecified E03.9

 8. Oddy mass index [BMI]3.0~3.0, adult Z68.30

 10. Chronic kidney disease, stage 3 unspecified N18.30

 11. Functional urinary incontinence R39.81

7. Unspecified cirrhosis of liver Refill Ursodiol Capsule, 300 MG, 1 cap, Orally, Twice a day, 90 days, 180 Capsule, Refills 1

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Documentation Tips



Do not use term "History of" if a patient still has an active viral infection.



For patients who have had a liver transplant documentation should include the transplant status code - along with medical management

Z94.4 Liver transplant status,





What is the best way to describe and document a patient's current chronic hepatitis C diagnosis?

- a) Document as "history of"
- b) Document as "current" including viral load, acuity and type

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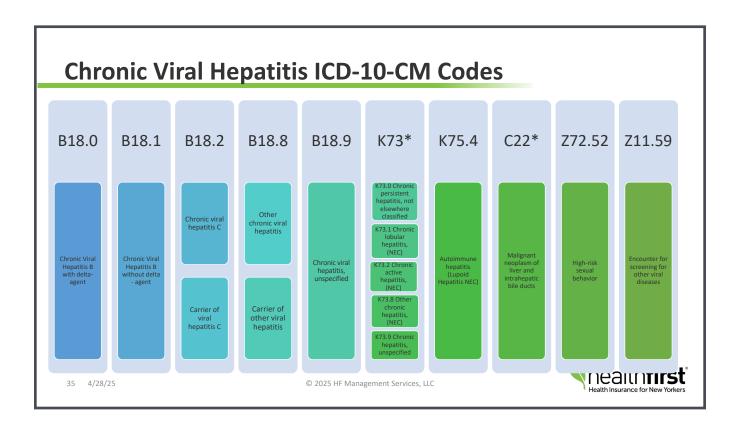
Q & A



What is the best way to describe and document a patient's current chronic hepatitis C diagnosis?

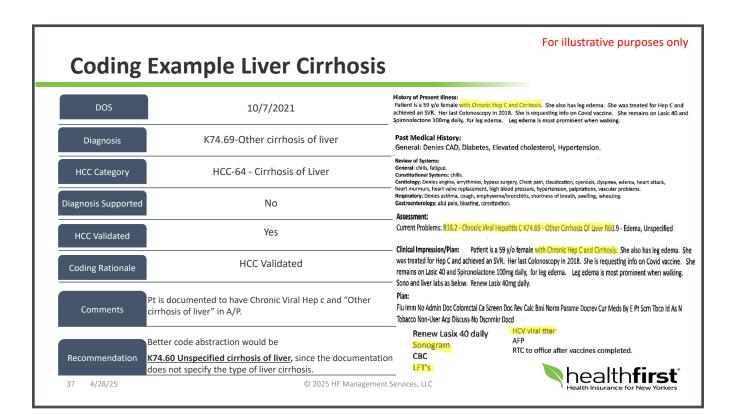
- a) Document as "history of"
- b) Document as "current" including viral load, acuity and type

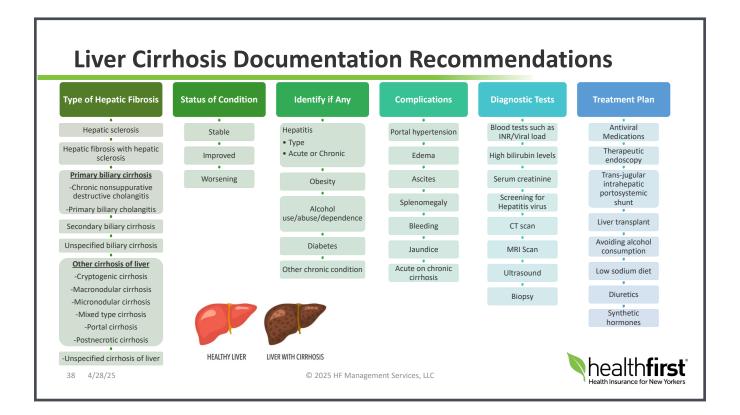




Liver Cirrhosis









Should the provider document any associated chronic conditions related to liver cirrhosis if the patient has any?

- a) Yes
- b) No

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Q & A

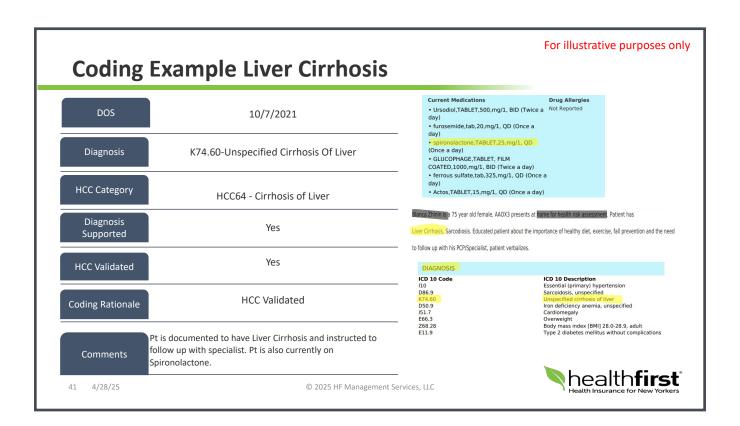


Should the provider document any associated chronic conditions related to liver cirrhosis if the patient has any?

a) Yes

b) No





Coding Tips

When documentation supports history of liver transplant, an additional code should be reported **Z94.4** Liver transplant status

Code K70.3 and K71.7 cannot be reported together with K74* category codes, as per Excludes1 note

Code also, if applicable, viral hepatitis (acute) (chronic) (B15-B19) together with K74* codes





Based on the reviewed coding tips, what additional codes may be assigned along with liver cirrhosis when documentation supports it?

- a) History of liver transplant
- b) Viral hepatitis specified whether acute or chronic.
- c) Both a and b

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Q & A



Based on the reviewed coding tips, what additional codes may be assigned along with liver cirrhosis when documentation supports it?

- a) History of liver transplant
- b) Viral hepatitis specified whether acute or chronic
- c) Both a and b



Cirrhosis ICD-10-CM Codes

K74.3

- Primary biliary cirrhosis
- Chronic nonsuppurative destructive cholangitis
- Primary biliary cholangitis

K7/1 //

• Secondary biliary cirrhosis

K74.5

• Biliary cirrhosis, unspecified

K74.63

- K74.60-Unspecified cirrhosis of liver
- K74.69-Other cirrhosis of liver

K70.3*

- K70.30-Alcoholic cirrhosis of liver without ascites
- K70.31-Alcoholic cirrhosis of liver with ascites

K71 7

Toxic liver disease with fibrosis and cirrhosis of liver

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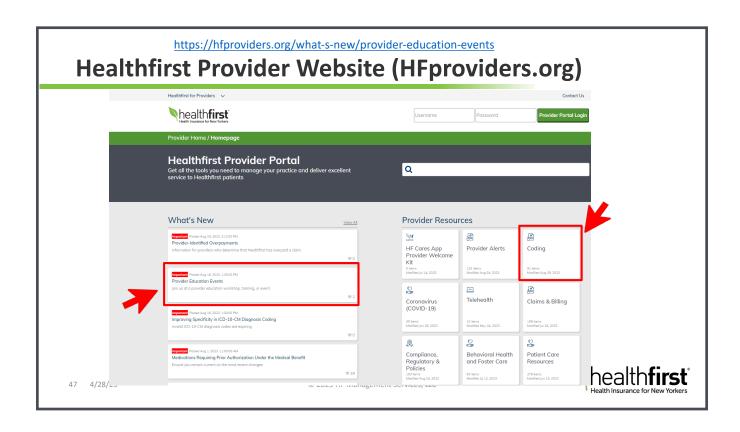


Healthfirst Job aids for Providers & Coders



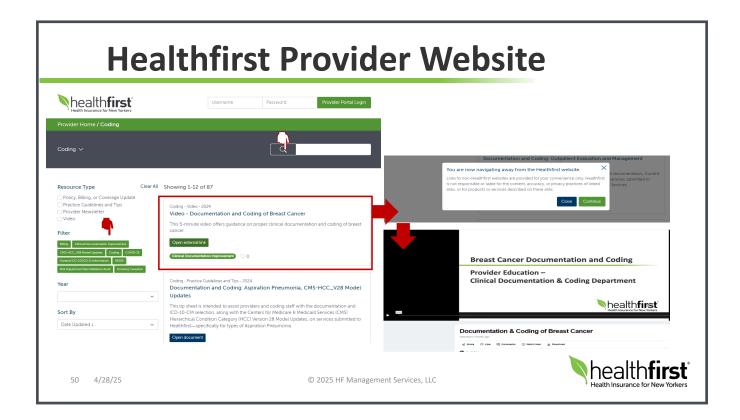








Healthfirst Provider Website healthfirst Policy, Billing, or Coverage Update Practice Guidelines and Tips Video Coding - Practice Guidelines and Tips - 2024 Documentation and Coding: Specified Heart Arrhythmia, CMS-HCC_V28 Model Updates Filter This tip sheet is intended to assist providers and coding staff with the documentation and ICD-10-CM selection, along with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Hierarchical Condition Category (HCC) Version 28 Model Updates, specifically for common types of Specified Heart Arrhythmia. Billing Ctrical Documentation Improvement General ICD-10/ICD-11 Information HEDIS Clinical Documentation Improvement CMS-HCC_V28 Model Updates 1 Coding - Practice Guidelines and Tips - 2024 Documentation and Coding: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease, CMS-HCC_V28 Model Updates Sort By Date Updated ± Clinical Documentation Improvement CMS-HCC_V28 Model Updates 01 health**first** 4/28/25 Coding - Practice Guidelines and Tips - 2024 Documentation and Coding: Pancreatic Cancer, CMS-HCC_V28 Model



Questions



- Email any questions or concerns at #Risk_Adjustments_and_clinical_Documentation@healthfirst.org
- The Healthfirst Provider Portal has great resources that can be useful use link below
 - https://hfproviders.org/provider-resources/coding

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References:

- 2024-icd-10-cm-coding-guidelines
- AHA Coding Clinic Advisor Homepage | AHA Coding Clinic | AHA Coding Clinic
- Acute Pulmonary Embolism StatPearls NCBI Bookshelf
- Hepatitis C: What happens in end-stage liver disease? Mayo Clinic
- Two Criteria Determine DVT and Venous Emboli Dx AAPC Knowledge Center
- Guide Your Liver Condition Coding to Clean Claims: ICD-10-CM



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Manager, Provider Education Healthfirst

ABOUT HEALTHFIRST

Healthfirst believes that every New Yorker deserves access to the best available healthcare. As one of New York's highest quality not-for-profit health insurers serving close to 2 million New Yorkers, we make this a reality for our members. Founded more than 30 years ago by the leading hospital systems in downstate New York, Healthfirst established a partnership model that enables hospitals, health systems, and physicians in our network to work with us to prioritize health outcomes and to place the needs of our members and community first. We strive to advance health equity so that all individuals, regardless of race, neighborhood, or income, can thrive and live healthy, fulfilling lives. Healthfirst serves members in New York City, on Long Island, and in Westchester, Rockland, Sullivan, and Orange counties, offering market-leading products to suit every life stage. Our offerings include Medicaid plans, Medicare Advantage plans, Long-Term Care plans, Qualified Health plans, and Essential Plans.

ABOUT NORTHWELL HEALTH

Northwell Health is New York State's largest health care provider and private employer, with 20+ hospitals, 890+ outpatient facilities and more than 18,500 affiliated physicians. We care for over two million people annually in the New York metro area and beyond, thanks to philanthropic support from our communities. Our 85,000 employees — 18,900 nurses and 4,900 employed doctors, including members of Northwell Health Physician Partners — are working to change health care for the better. We're making breakthroughs in medicine at the Feinstein Institutes for Medical Research. We're training the next generation of medical professionals at the visionary Donald and Barbara Zucker School of Medicine at Hofstra/ Northwell and the Hofstra Northwell School of Nursing and Physician Assistant Studies.

Thank you for attending

Session 4: Pulmonary Embolism (PE) and

Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT), Hepatitis & Cirrhosis

of the OIG Targeted High Risk Condition Series
jointly provided by Healthfirst and Northwell Health.



