

Aspiration Pneumonia

At Healthfirst, we are committed to helping providers accurately document and code their patients' health records. This tip sheet is intended to assist providers and coding staff with the documentation and ICD-10-CM selection, on services submitted to Healthfirst—specifically for types of **Aspiration Pneumonia**. It provides information from industry sources about proper coding practice. However, this document does not represent or guarantee that Healthfirst will cover and/or pay for services outlined.

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Aspiration Pneumonia is inflammation of the lung tissue caused by aspiration of foreign material into the tracheobronchial tree.

ICD-10-CM	Description
J69.0	Pneumonitis due to inhalation of food and vomiting Aspiration pneumonia (due to): Unspecified aspiration, food (regurgitated), gastric secretions, milk, vomit, water
J69.1	Pneumonitis due to inhalation of oils and essences Unspecified lipid, Exogenous lipoid pneumonia, Lipoid pneumonia NOS Aspirated mineral oil, vegetable oil, essential oils (peppermint, tea tree, lavender)
J69.8	Pneumonitis due to inhalation of other solids and liquids Pneumonitis due to aspiration of blood; aspiration of detergent Aspirated barium; Pill fragments, blood, detergent

Documentation and Coding

Risk Factors	Diagnostic Exams/Tests	Complications	Link Associated Conditions	Treatment
• Dysfunction of esophagus swallowing • Mechanical conditions (e.g., Tracheostomy status) • Reduced/altered consciousness • Underlying lung disease	• X-ray/ CT scans • Swallowing tests • Sputum culture • Bronchoscopy • Arterial blood gas • Blood culture/ complete blood count (CBC)	• Shock • Sepsis • Death • Bacteremia • Lung abscess • Respiratory failure	• Due to • Secondary to • Associated with • Complicated by Example: Sepsis secondary to aspiration pneumonia	• Antibiotics • Ventilator • Alternate feeding methods to reduce risk of aspiration • Bronchoalveolar lavage • Bronchodilators

Documentation Should Include

- The site and nature of aspiration, since aspiration can occur anywhere along the respiratory tract.
- Hypoxemia when present, since it is not integral to pneumonia and can be coded additionally when appropriately documented.
- Radiology tests, test results, or clinical criteria must be documented by an appropriate provider.

Coding Tips

- **Code also**, if applicable, other types of pneumonias, such as bacterial pneumonia (J13-J15.-) viral pneumonia (J12.-)
- Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids (**J69.***) cannot be coded together with Neonatal Aspiration Syndromes (**P24.***) and Postprocedural Pneumonitis (**J95.4**).
- Pneumonitis due to inhalation of oils and essences (**J69.1**) cannot be coded with Endogenous lipid pneumonia (**J84.89**).
- Pneumonitis due to inhalation of food and vomiting (**J69.0**) cannot be coded together with Obstetric aspiration pneumonitis (**O74.0**).
- Aspiration pneumonia and infectious pneumonia can occur together, with one condition being superimposed on the other; in this case each condition is coded separately.
- Assign from category **T17*** to identify a foreign body in respiratory tract, and categories **T51*–T65.*** to identify substances, if applicable.

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Coding Example

Case	A 67-year-old male presents with complaints of chest pain, shortness of breath, and confusion. He had dysphagia s/p CVA six months ago and a history of COPD. On assessment, the patient is documented to have wheezing and rhonchi, and current O2 Sat is 92% on room air. Provider documents in the progress notes that CXR showed “right basilar infiltrate with pneumonia.” Patient had a failed swallow evaluation and documented to be treated with Zosyn for aspiration pneumonia.
ICD-10-CM	J69.0 Pneumonitis due to inhalation of food and vomit
Rationale	Documentation supports J69.0, Pneumonitis due to inhalation of food and vomit, since it is documented that the patient has pneumonia and is currently being treated with Zosyn for aspiration pneumonia.

References

- [What is Aspiration Pneumonia?, Penn Medicine](#)
- [Pneumonitis and pneumonia after aspiration, KoreaMed Synapse](#)
- [American Health Information Management Association \(AHIMA\)](#)
- [Essential Oil Poisoning, The Royal Children's Hospital Melbourne](#)
- [ICD10CM/2027/ICD-10-CM-October-1-2026-FY27-Guidelines.pdf](#)

Questions?

Contact us at #Risk_Adjustments_and_clinical_Documentation@healthfirst.org.

For additional documentation and coding guidance, please visit the coding section on HFproviders.org

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