



When to Report Stroke as a History of Late Effects of or Acute Stroke

History of Stroke is when the patient’s condition is free from any residuals or evidence that the condition no longer exists. May also indicate that the provider is evaluating or treating residual conditions left behind by a prior stroke.

Late Effects of stroke is when the patient presents with residual effects due to CVA such as Hemiparesis/Hemiplegia, Monoplegia, etc. It also indicates that the provider is still monitoring, evaluating, assessing or treating residual conditions left by a prior stroke. Use personal history when these residual effects no longer exist.

Acute Stroke is when the patient is currently experiencing the condition, admitted/treated in the hospital.

WHEN THE...	DO NOT USE	USE
patient is seen in office, hospital, follow up for stroke	I63. - Cerebral infarction	I69. - Sequelae of cerebral infarction; or Z86.73 - Personal history of transient ischemic attack (TIA), and cerebral infarction without residual deficits
patient is seen/was in office, ED follow up for Transient Ischemic Attack (TIA)	G45. - Transient cerebral ischemic attacks and related syndromes or I63.- Cerebral infarction	Z86.73 - Personal history of transient ischemic attack (TIA) and cerebral infarction without residual deficits
patient seen in ED, and or hospital admission, and confirmed to have acute stroke		I63. - Cerebral infarction

Remember: Only use from I63. when the stroke is current or acute. This diagnosis is usually reported in an acute care such as inpatient facilities.